Keysight N5191A

UXG X-Series Agile Signal Generator, Modified Version

10 MHz to 20 or 40 GHz

Data Sheet





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Definitions and Conditions

Specification (spec): represents warranted performance of a calibrated instrument that has been stored for a minimum of 2 hours within the operating temperature range of 0 to 55 °C, unless otherwise stated, and after a 1 hour warm-up period. The specifications include measurement uncertainty. Data represented in this document are specifications unless otherwise noted.

Typical (typ): describes additional product performance information that is not covered by the product warranty. It is performance beyond specifications that 80% of the units exhibit with a 95% confidence level at room temperature (approximately 25 °C). Typical performance does not include measurement uncertainty.

Nominal (nom): describes the expected mean or average performance, or an attribute whose performance is by design, such as the 50 Ω connector. This data is not warranted and is measured at room temperature (approximately 25 °C).

Measured (meas): describes an attribute measured during the design phase for purposes of communicating expected performance, such as amplitude drift vs. time. This data is not warranted and is measured at room temperature (approximately 25 °C).

All of the above apply when using the instrument in its default settings unless otherwise stated

This data sheet provides a summary of the key performance parameters for N5191A modified UXG signal generators. All options referenced in this data sheet are described in the N5191A modified UXG configuration guide (5992-1116EN).

Unless otherwise noted, this data sheet applies to units with serial numbers ending in 5646XXXX or greater.

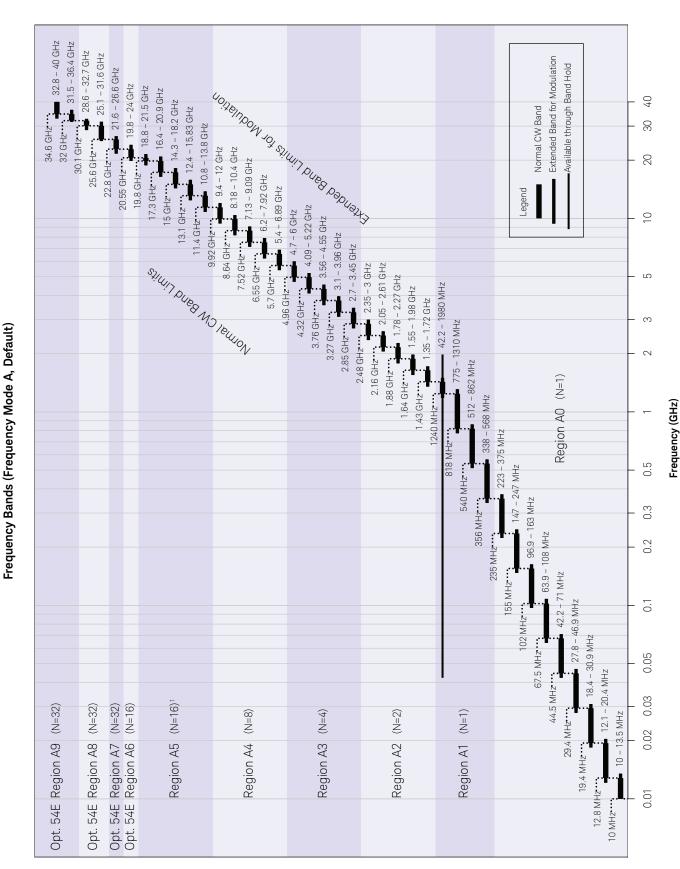
Specifications

Frequency

Range			
	Specified range	Tunable range	
Option 52E	10 MHz to 20 GHz	10 MHz to 21.5 GHz	
Option 54E	10 MHz to 40 GHz	10 MHz to 40 GHz	
CW frequency resolution			
Standard	10 kHz		
Option FR1	0.001 Hz		
Frequency switching modes			
Phase continuous switching	Minimizes phase change	es and spectral splatter when transitioning to a new frequency within a band.	
Phase coherent switching	When returning to a prior frequency, returns to the prior phase trajectory at that frequency, assuming the same setup conditions. Some temporary amplitude and phase changes may occur during transitions.		
Phase offset			
	Adjustable in 0.1° increm	nents (nom)	
Accuracy			
	Accuracy is equivalent to	o the internal or external frequency reference in use.	
	Choices are the internal input, and the 6 GHz inp	timebase reference oscillator, the external reference input, the system sync ut.	
Internal timebase reference oscillator			
Initial calibration accuracy	$\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$		
Aging rate ¹	± 3 × 10 ⁻⁸ /year or ± 2.5 x	x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /day after 30 days	
Temperature effects	$\pm 4.5 \times 10^{-9}$ (nom) from (O to 55 °C	
Electronic frequency control (EFC) sensitivity	-0.04 ppm/V (nom) from -10 V to +10 V		
External 10 MHz reference input			
Frequency	10 MHz		
Modes	Manually or automatical	ly selected	
Lock range	± 1.0 ppm (nom)		
Input amplitude	6 dBm ± 6 dB (nom). To a	optimize phase noise use 6 dBm ± 2 dB (nom).	
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)		
Other reference choices			
System sync in/out	See the Synchronization	Section	
6 GHz in/out	See the Synchronization	Section	
Reference output (10/100 MHz output)			
Frequency	10 MHz or 100 MHz, use	er selectable	
Amplitude	7 dBm (nom) into 50 Ω l	oad	

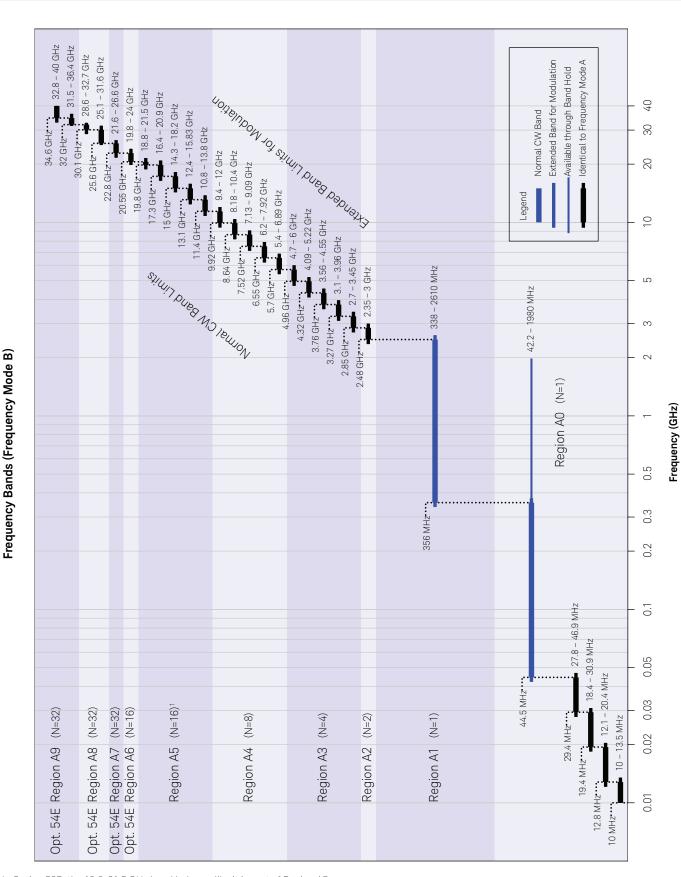
^{1.} Not verified by Keysight N7800A TME Calibration and Adjustment Software. Daily aging rate may be verified as a supplementary chargeable service, on request.

Frequency bands (Frequency Mode A, default)



In Option 52E, the 18.8-21.5 GHz band behaves like it is part of Region A5.
 In Option 54E, the 18.8-21.5 GHz band behaves like it is part of Region A6.

Frequency bands (Frequency Mode B)

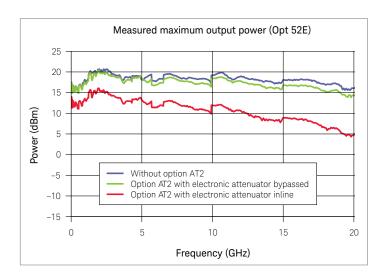


In Option 52E, the 18.8-21.5 GHz band behaves like it is part of Region A5.
 In Option 54E, the 18.8-21.5 GHz band behaves like it is part of Region A6.

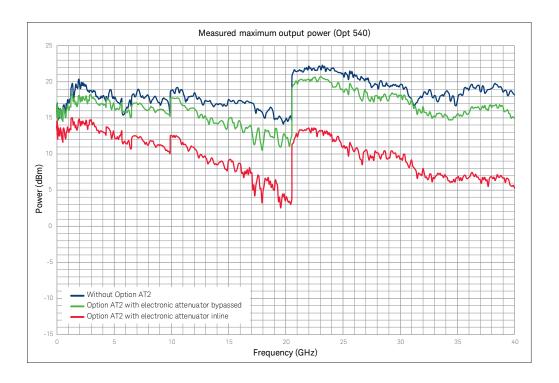
Frequency band overview	
Default bands (Mode A)	Provide lowest harmonics and spurious signals.
42.2 to 1980 MHz band (Mode B)	Provides wider bandwidth at low frequencies for wider chirps, wider FM, and better pulse shape.
338 to 2610 MHz band (Mode B)	Provides wider bandwidth at low frequencies for wider chirps, wider FM, and better pulse shape. Reduces pulse video feedthrough.

Power

OVVCI			
Dual attenuator specified frequency range	e (Option AT2)		
	Option 52E	Option 54E	
Electronic agile attenuator	10 MHz to 20 GHz	10 MHz to 40 GHz	
Mechanical step attenuator	10 MHz to 20 GHz	10 MHz to 40 GHz	
Dual attenuator step size (Option AT2)			
Electronic agile attenuator	0 dB to 65 dB in 5 dB st	eps, for frequencies up to 40 GHz, or bypa	assed
Mechanical step attenuator	0 dB to 85 dB in 5 dB st	eps, for frequencies up to 40 GHz	
Maximum output power (Option 52E)			
Frequency	Standard	Option AT2 Electronic attenuator bypassed	Option AT2 ¹ Electronic attenuator inline
10 MHz to 13 GHz	10 dBm	10 dBm	–1 dBm
> 13 GHz to 18 GHz	10 dBm	10 dBm	-4 dBm
> 18 GHz to 20 GHz	10 dBm	10 dBm	-6 dBm
Maximum output power (Option 54E)			
Frequency	Standard	Option AT2 Electronic attenuator bypassed	Option AT2 ¹ Electronic attenuator inline
10 MHz to 13 GHz	10 dBm	8 dBm	-3 dBm
> 13 GHz to 18 GHz	10 dBm	8 dBm	-5 dBm
> 18 GHz to 20.55 GHz	7 dBm	6 dBm	–10 dBm
> 20.55 GHz to < 25.6 GHz	10 dBm	10 dBm	–7 dBm
25.6 GHz to 32 GHz	7 dBm	6 dBm	-8 dBm
> 32 GHz to 40 GHz	7 dBm	7 dBm	-7 dBm

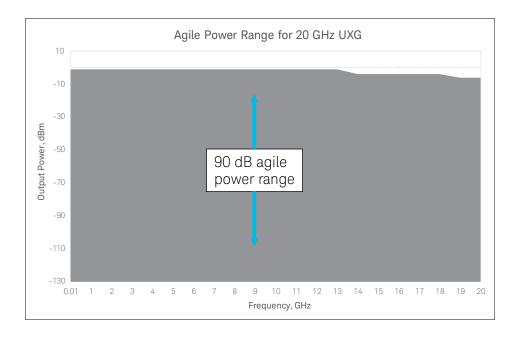


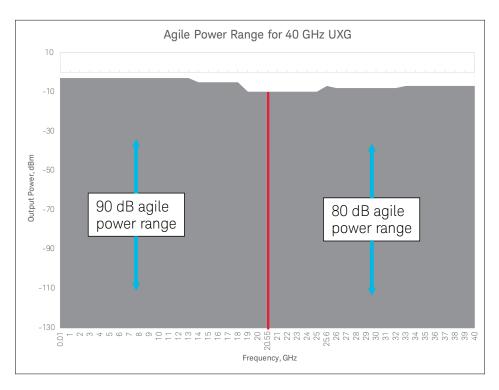
^{1.} Note that during EW simulations using option AT2 agile power capability, these are the maximum power values available in the agile power range. Bypass mode is not recommended for EW simulations that require > 20 dB agile power capability, as the mechanical switches used to switch between bypass and inline modes can take as long as 20 ms (nom) to change modes.



Minimum settable output power			
Frequency	Standard	Option AT2 Electronic attenuator bypassed	Option AT2 ¹ Electronic attenuator inline
10 MHz to 20 GHz	–10 dBm	-95 dBm	–130 dBm
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz (Option 540)	–10 dBm	-95 dBm	–130 dBm
Agile power range			
Frequency	Standard	Option AT2 Electronic attenuator bypassed	Option AT2 ¹ Electronic attenuator inline
Option 52E			
10 Hz to 20 GHz	20 dB (nom)	20 dB (nom)	90 dB (nom)
Option 54E			
10 Hz to 18 GHz	20 dB (nom)	20 dB (nom)	90 dB (nom)
> 18 to 20.55 GHz	17 dB (nom)	20 dB (nom)	90 dB (nom)
> 20.55 to < 25.6 GHz	20 dB (nom)	10 dB (nom)	80 dB (nom)
> 25.6 GHz to 40 GHz	17 dB (nom)	10 dB (nom)	80 dB (nom)
Leveling modes			
ALC on	Internal power leveling		
ALC off ¹	No power leveling		
ALC off with power alignment	off to match the power leve	ne that improves level accuracy with AL el with ALC on at a customer specified p e operating temperature changes ± 5 °C	power level. It should be run at regular
RF Gating			
Turns RF power on/off with external trigger			

^{1.} For EW simulations using option AT2 agile power capability, it is strongly recommended to operate with ALC mode off after running power alignment. If ALC mode is left on, switching speed performance will be significantly reduced.





Amplitude resolution

0.01 dB

Level accuracy (Option 52E)1

Specifications apply for CW signals that do not exceed the maximum specified power. For instruments with Option 1ED Type-N connectors, specifications apply below 18 GHz and performance is typically degraded 0.2 dB above 18 GHz.

Output power (Standard)			ALC on	ALC off ^{2, 3}
10 dBm to 0 dBm			± 1.4 dB (typ)	± 2.0 dB (typ)
Output power (Option AT2)	Mechanical attenuator	Electronic attenuator	ALC on	ALC off ^{2, 3}
10 to 2 dBm	0 dB	Bypass	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB
< 2 to -10 dBm	0 dB	Bypass	± 1.6 dB (typ)	± 2.5 dB (typ)
10 to -75 dBm	Auto	Bypass	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB
−3 to −65 dBm	0 dB	Inline	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB ⁴
< -65 to -90 dBm	0 dB	Inline	± 2.0 dB	± 2.5 dB ⁴
5 to -10 dBm	Auto	Auto	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB ⁴
< -10 to -80 dBm	Auto	Auto	± 1.6 dB	± 2.5 dB ⁴
Level accuracy (Option 54E, fr	equency ≤ 20 GHz) ¹			
Specifications apply for CW sig	nals that do not exceed the ma	aximum specified power.		
Output power (Standard)			ALC on	ALC off ^{2, 3}
10 dBm to 0 dBm			± 1.4 dB (typ)	± 2.0 dB (typ)
Output power (Option AT2)	Mechanical attenuator	Electronic attenuator	ALC on	ALC off ^{2,3}
10 to 0 dBm	0 dB	Bypass	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB
< 0 to -10 dBm	0 dB	Bypass	± 1.6 dB (typ)	± 2.5 dB (typ)
10 to -75 dBm	Auto	Bypass	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB
−15 to −65 dBm	0 dB	Inline	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB ⁴
< -65 to -90 dBm	0 dB	Inline	± 2.0 dB	± 2.5 dB ⁴
5 to -10 dBm	Auto	Auto	± 1.5 dB	± 2.0 dB ⁴
< -10 to -80 dBm	Auto	Auto	± 1.6 dB	± 2.5 dB ⁴
Level accuracy (Option 54E, fr	equency > 20 GHz)1			
Specifications apply for CW sig	nals that do not exceed the ma	aximum specified power.		
Output power (Standard)			ALC on	ALC off ^{2,3}
10 dBm to 0 dBm			± 1.4 dB (typ)	± 4.5 dB (typ)
Output power (Option AT2)	Mechanical attenuator	Electronic attenuator	ALC on	ALC off ^{2,3}
10 to 0 dBm	0 dB	Bypass	± 1.8 dB	± 4.5 dB

Output power (Option AT2)	Mechanical attenuator	Electronic attenuator	ALC on	ALC off ^{2,3}
10 to 0 dBm	0 dB	Bypass	± 1.8 dB	± 4.5 dB
< 0 to -10 dBm	0 dB	Bypass	± 1.6 dB (typ)	± 5.0 dB (typ)
10 to -50 dBm	Auto	Bypass	± 1.8 dB	± 4.5 dB
< -50 to -75 dBm	Auto	Bypass	± 2.2 dB	± 4.5 dB
–15 to –65 dBm	0 dB	Inline	± 2.0 dB	± 4.5 dB
5 to -10 dBm	Auto	Auto	± 2.0 dB	± 4.5 dB
< -10 to -80 dBm	Auto	Auto	± 2.6 dB	± 4.5 dB

Agile power linearity (frequency ≤ 20 GHz with Option AT2)3

Measured relative to -5 dBm for Option 52E and relative to -15 dBm for Option 54E with the mechanical step attenuator set to 0 dB and the electronic attenuator inline.

10 MHz to 13 GHz	\pm 0.4 dB (typ) for relative power from 0 to -75 dB
> 13 GHz to 20 GHz	+ 0.5 dB (tyn) for relative nower from 0 to -75 dB

Agile power linearity (frequency > 20 GHz with Options 54E and AT2)3

Measured relative to -15 dBm with the mechanical step attenuator set to 0 dB and the electronic attenuator inline.

- > 20 GHz to 40 GHz ± 1.8 dB (typ) for relative power from 0 to -60 dB ± 2.2 dB (typ) for relative power from -60 to -65 dB
- 1. Specifications shown represent uncorrected performance at the RF output port. Level accuracy at the DUT input can be significantly improved by running the UXG user amplitude correction routine with a power sensor.
- 2. Specifications apply after running power alignment at +4 dBm power level. It is strongly recommended that EW simulations be performed with ALC mode off after running power alignment. If ALC mode is left on, switching speed performance will be significantly reduced.
- 3. The Power Alignment routine aligns ALC off level accuracy performance to ALC ON performance at a customer specified power. It should be run at regular intervals, and whenever the operating temperature changes ±5 °C from the alignment temperature. For optimal performance in applications where the instrument will be used at more than one power level, execute power alignment at a power level < 5 dBm and with the output attenuation set to the desired operating condition.
- 4. For frequencies > 17 to 20 GHz, level accuracy degrades by an additional 0.5 dB.

Temperature stability				
ALC on and frequency ≤ 20 GHz	\pm 0.02 dB/°C (typ)			
ALC on and frequency > 20 GHz	\pm 0.04 dB/°C (typ)			
ALC off and frequency ≤ 20 GHz	\pm 0.07 dB/°C (typ)			
ALC off and frequency > 20 GHz	\pm 0.15 dB/°C (typ)			
Output impedance				
	50 Ω (nom)			
SWR (meas) without Option AT2	2			
Frequency		Option 52E with 1ED	Option 54E	
10 MHz to 1 GHz		1.4:1	1.4:1	
> 1 GHz to 2 GHz		1.4 : 1	1.5 : 1	
> 2 GHz to 18 GHz		1.7 : 1	2:1	
> 18 GHz to 20 GHz		1.9:1	2:1	
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz		n/a	3:1	
SWR (meas) with Option AT2, e	lectronic attenuator bypasse	d, mechanical attenuator =	0 dB	
Frequency	Option 52E without 1ED	Option 52E with 1ED	Option 54E	
10 MHz to 1 GHz	1.4 : 1	1.4:1	1.4:1	
> 1 GHz to 2 GHz	1.4 : 1	1.4:1	1.5:1	
> 2 GHz to 18 GHz	1.7 : 1	1.7 : 1	2:1	
> 18 GHz to 20 GHz	1.8:1	1.8:1	2:1	
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	n/a	n/a	2:1	
SWR (meas) with Option AT2, e	lectronic attenuator bypasse	d, mechanical attenuator >	0 dB	
Frequency	Option 52E without 1ED	Option 52E with 1ED	Option 54E	
10 MHz to 1 GHz	1.2:1	1.2:1	1.2:1	
> 1 GHz to 2 GHz	1.2 : 1	1.2:1	1.2:1	
> 2 GHz to 18 GHz	1.5 : 1	1.5 : 1	1.4:1	
> 18 GHz to 20 GHz	1.5 : 1	1.5 : 1	1.4:1	
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	n/a	n/a	1.5:1	
SWR (meas) with Option AT2, e	lectronic attenuator inline			
Frequency	Option 52E without 1ED	Option 52E with 1ED	Option 54E	
10 MHz to 1 GHz	1.6:1	1.6:1	1.6:1	
> 1 GHz to 2 GHz	1.5 : 1	1.5 : 1	1.5 : 1	
> 2 GHz to 18 GHz	1.7 : 1	1.7 : 1	1.7 : 1	
> 18 GHz to 20 GHz	1.7 : 1	1.7 : 1	1.7 : 1	
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	n/a	n/a	1.8:1	
Maximum reverse power				
	1/2 Watt, 0 VDC			

User corrections

The User Corrections capability can apply corrections across frequency for amplitude, phase and time. Corrections can only be applied when the UXG operates in Streaming Mode. Amplitude-only corrections can be done with a power sensor. In order to maximize agile dynamic range, it may necessary to modify mechanical attenuator settings depending on PDW amplitude values and the peak amplitude loss being corrected.

Number of points/table	2 to 3201
Number of tables	Dependent on available free memory in instrument; 10,000 maximum
Entry modes	USB/LAN direct power meter control, LAN to GPIB and USB to GPIB, remote bus, and manual USB/GPIB power meter
	control

Switching speed

Agile switching modes	
Fast CW Switching Mode	The fast control port (Options CC1, CC2, or CC3) provides agile switching of CW frequency at a constant amplitude with the lowest latency.
Normal Mode	The fast control port (Options CC1 or CC3) provides agile switching of frequency, phase, amplitude, pulse modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation, and chirp. Option CC2 provides agile switching of frequency only.
List Mode	Internal list memory and a hardware trigger provide agile switching of frequency, phase, amplitude, pulse modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation, and chirp.
Streaming Mode	The LAN interface or fast control port (Option CC1 or CC3) provides agile switching of frequency, phase, amplitude, pulse modulation, frequency modulation, phase modulation, and chirp.

Frequency trans	ition types	Transition examples
Type 1	A frequency change in which the initial frequency and final frequency are in the same band per the frequency band diagrams in the frequency section, but not in region AO.	3.77 GHz to 4.3 GHz 35 GHz to 39 GHz
Type 2	A frequency change in which the initial frequency and final frequency are in the same region per the frequency band diagrams in the frequency section, but not in region AO.	1 GHz (A1) to 500 MHz (A1) 34 GHz (A9) to 40 GHz (A9)
Туре 3	A frequency change in which the initial frequency and final frequency are in regions A1 through A5 per the frequency band diagrams in the frequency section.	1 GHz (A1) to 18 GHz (A5) 10 GHz (A4) to 3 GHz (A2)
Type 4	A frequency change in which the initial frequency and final frequency are in regions A1 through A9 per the frequency band diagrams in the frequency section.	1 GHz (A1) to 37 GHz (A9) 28 GHz (A8) to 10 GHz (A4) 22 GHz (A6) to 39 GHz (A9)

RF transition speed

For frequency and phase transitions at a fixed power level, with ALC off and the electronic attenuator bypassed, for frequencies < 32 GHz. Measured from the first phase change of more than 0.1 radians that occurs after the input trigger, and measured to RF phase settled. Applies to Normal Mode or List Mode, not Fast CW Switching Mode.

Transition type	Standard	Option SS3 (10 MHz to 6.89 GHz)
Type 1	100 μs (10 MHz to 31.6 GHz)	50 ns (typ)
	500 us (> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz)	

Switching speed for Normal, Streaming, or List Mode¹

Update rate - Determined by transition time as measured from pulse sync out or list point start to RF phase and amplitude settled with ALC off. With Option AT2, includes amplitude changes over the agile power range.

Transition type	Freq. Start/Stop Range	Standard	Option SS3
Type 1, 2, or 3	10 MHz to 6.89 GHz	100 μs	180 ns
	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	100 μs	100 μs
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	500 μs	500 μs
Type 4	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	103 μs	103 μs
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	503 μs	503 μs

Latency - Determined by transition time as measured from input trigger to RF phase and amplitude settled with ALC off. With Option AT2, includes amplitude changes over the agile power range.

Transition type	Freq. Start/Stop Range	Standard	Option SS3
Type 1, 2 or 3	10 MHz to 6.89 GHz	101 μs	650 ns
	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	101 μs	101 μs
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	501 μs	501 μs
Type 4	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	104 μs	104 μs
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	504 μs	504 μs

^{1.} For list mode, each point is controlled by dwell time, which will be limited based on the larger of the two frequencies (start and end frequencies).

CW switching speed for Fast CW Switching Mode

Update rate - Determined by transition time as measured from pulse sync out to RF phase and amplitude settled at a fixed power level with ALC off.

Transition type	Freq. Start/Stop Range	Standard	Option SS3	
Type 1, 2 or 3	10 MHz to 6.89 GHz	100 μs	240 ns	
	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	100 μs	100 μs	
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	500 μs	500 µs	
Type 4	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	103 μs	103 μs	
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	503 μs	503 μs	

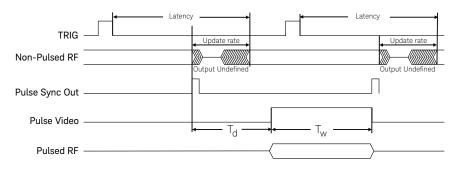
Latency - Determined by transition time as measured from input trigger to RF phase and amplitude settled at a fixed power level with ALC off.

Transition type	Freq. Start/Stop Range	Standard	Option SS3	
Type 1, 2 or 3	10 MHz to 6.89 GHz	101 μs	370 ns	
	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	101 μs	101 μs	
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	501 μs	501 μs	
Type 4	10 MHz to 31.6 GHz	104 μs	104 μs	
	10 MHz to 40 GHz	504 us	504 us	

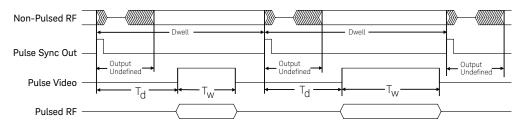
Additional contributors to switching speed			
With GPIB, LAN, or USB control Add 900 µs (nom) from receipt of SCPI command or trigger signal			
With Opt AT1 attenuators	Add 20 ms (nom) for any change in the mechanical attenuator or bypass switch. These are controllable via GPIB, LAN, or USB. These are not controllable via list or fast control port (Option CC1 or CC2). Add 1 us (nom) when switching to or from any frequency in region A0.		

RF phase settling criteria	
Final frequency	
10 MHz to 8.6 GHz	Measured to phase settled within 0.1 radians of final phase.
> 8.6 GHz to 17.3 GHz	Measured to phase settled within 0.2 radians of final phase.
> 17.3 GHz	Measured to phase settled within 0.3 radians of final phase.
RF amplitude settling criteria	
	Measured to amplitude settled within 1 dB of final amplitude.

Switching Speed Definitions Triggered Pulse



Switching Speed Definitions List Pulse



Synchronization

Multiple UXG units can be synchronized together to have phase coherent outputs. This is useful for simulating angle-of-arrival (AoA) and phased array antenna wavefronts.

Curebranization input conne	
Synchronization input conne	
10 MHz input	Accepts a basic external reference at 10 MHz. Achieves lower residual phase noise than a 10 MHz input at the system sync input. See the Rear Panel Connectors Section for connection details.
System sync input	Recommended external reference input for use in system environments where trigger jitter and phase stability are important. Accepts a wide variety of input frequencies. See the Rear Panel Connectors Section for connection details.
6 GHz input	Provides high stability synchronization between multiple signal generators. This is not a general 6 GHz connection. Only the 6 GHz synchronization output from another compatible signal generator should be connected. See the Rear Panel Connectors Section for connection details.
Synchronization output conr	nections
10/100 MHz output	Provides a basic external reference at 10 MHz or 100 MHz. Achieves better spectral purity than the system sync output. See the Rear Panel Connectors Section for connection details.
System sync output	Recommended external reference output for use in system environments where trigger jitter and phase stability are important. Normally provides a 250 MHz output, but other frequencies are available. See the Rear Panel Connectors Section for connection details.
6 GHz output	Provides high phase stability synchronization between multiple signal generators. See the Rear Panel Connectors Section for connection details.
System sync input	
Frequency	1 to 250 MHz in 1 MHz steps. Default value is 250 MHz.
Lock range	± 1.0 ppm (nom)
Amplitude	6 dBm ± 6 dB (nom). To optimize phase noise use 6 dBm ± 2 dB (nom)
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)
Usage	The input frequency is not auto-detected. It must be entered manually and must be accurate to within the lock range above.
System sync output	
Frequency	10 MHz, 100 MHz, or 250 MHz, selectable. Multi-box synchronization overrides this selection and may use other frequencies.
Amplitude	12 dBm (nom)
Output impedance	50 Ω (nom)
6 GHz input	
Frequency	6 GHz
Lock range	± 1.0 ppm (nom)
Amplitude	11 dBm ± 6 dB (nom)
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)
Usage	This input must be connected to the 6 GHz output (described below) or a similar output from another compatible signal generator. The signal generator will not function without a 6 GHz signal at this input.
6 GHz output	
Frequency	6 GHz
Amplitude	17 dBm (nom)
Output impedance	50 Ω (nom)
Usage	A rigid jumper cable is provided to connect the 6 GHz output to the 6 GHz input. The jumper can be removed to distribute this signal to other equipment. When distributing this signal to multiple UXG signal generators, approximately 12 dB of loss is permissible before distribution amplifiers are required. One of the distributed outputs from a master signal generator must be connected back into the 6 GHz input of the master signal generator.
Reference bandwidth	
Standard	25 Hz

Normal mode

Normal mode is optimized for maximum update rate (throughput). If the fast control port (FCP) Option CC1 or CC3 is installed, it provides the capability to use pulse descriptor words (PDWs) to control frequency, amplitude, phase, pulse (include chirp or phase coding), and FM or Φ M. The PDW is streamed into the rear-panel FCP 100-pin connector using 46-bit wide control words. The control word information is executed synchronously upon receipt of a trigger.

Fast CW mode

Fast CW mode is optimized for minimum latency. The FCP control over signal attributes is limited to CW frequency switching and the addition of FM/ Φ M provided this option was purchased. It is typically used with the FCP Option CC2 for compatibility with instruments used in legacy test systems.

PDW streaming mode

Streaming provides agile control of most of the instrument settings via a continuous stream of PDWs transferred from the internal SSD or an external source, such as a LAN or the Fast Control Port. The set of parameters controlled by Streaming include frequency, frequency band map, band adjust, relative power, phase, phase mode, pulse, pulse start time, FM (chirp) and PM (phase coding). Each PDW consists of seven 32-bit words. The streaming PDW parameters are executed asynchronously, based on the time stamp information contained within the PDW.

From file on solid state drive (SSD)	
PDW streaming rate	750 k pulses/s (nom)
Over LAN port	
PDW streaming rate	750 k pulses/s (nom)
Over fast control port (FCP)	
PDW streaming rate	6 M pulses/s (nom)
Triggering	
PDW streaming trigger	Auto, external, single, SCPI, timer, or trigger key
PDW streaming trigger types	Play, abort, or cancel
Time accuracy	
Pulse start time accuracy/ resolution	40 ps (typ)/ 10 ps
Pulse fine delay accuracy/ resolution	40 ps (typ)/ 10 ps

List mode

List mode lets you play out a list of PDW's located in and read from the instrument's FPGA memory. The memory contains a series of list points where each list point contains multiple signal attributes. This mode supports dynamic sequencing using the external trigger ports.

Operating modes	
	List of frequency, phase, amplitude, pulse, chirp, and modulation parameters such as Barker codes.
Timing	
Uniform timer	
Standard	Advance every 100 μs to 34 s
Option SS3	Advance every 48 ns to 34 s (for frequencies from 10 MHz to 6.89 GHz)
Dwell timer	
Standard	Advance every 100 μs to 17 s
Option SS3	Advance every 48 ns to 17 s (for frequencies from 10 MHz to 6.89 GHz)
Number of points	
Arbitrary list	1 to 500,000 per table assuming 50 sequences. Lists and sequences share the same memory.
Triggering	
Point trigger	Auto, external, single, SCPI, timer, or trigger key
List trigger	Auto, external, single, SCPI, timer, or trigger key
Sequence trigger	Auto, external, single, SCPI, timer, or trigger key
Markers	
Marker types	List, sequence, point
Number of configurable markers	Up to 12
Settable marker parameters	Polarity, delay

Spectral purity

Harmonics

Measured at 10 dBm or maximum specified power, whichever is lower. Performance is unspecified for harmonics beyond the specified frequency range.

Fundamental frequency	Harmonic level	
10 MHz to 2.61 GHz (Frequency Mode B)	-25 dBc (typ)	
10 MHz to 1 GHz (Frequency Mode A)	-40 dBc	
> 1 GHz to 2 GHz (Frequency Mode A)	-50 dBc	
> 2 GHz	-55 dBc	

Sub-harmonics

Measured at +10 dBm or maximum specified power, whichever is lower. Sub-harmonics are defined as Carrier Freq *(x/N), where N indicates the frequency multiplication number and X is an integer value that is not an integer multiple of N. Does not apply to non-harmonic spurs which may overlap with sub-harmonics. Performance is unspecified for sub-harmonics beyond the specified frequency range.

Fundamental frequency	1/2, 3/4, and 3/2 sub-harmonics	Other sub-harmonics	N	
0.01 to < 1.43 GHz	None	None	1	
1.43 to < 2.85 GHz	-75 dBc	-80 dBc	2	
2.85 to < 5.7 GHz	-75 dBc	-80 dBc	4	
5.7 to < 11.4 GHz	-75 dBc	-80 dBc	8	
11.4 to < 16 GHz	-70 dBc	-80 dBc	16	
16 to 20 GHz	-65 dBc (typ)	-70 dBc (typ)	16	
> 20 to < 22.8 GHz (Opt 54E)	-70 dBc (typ)	-70 dBc (typ)	16	
22.8 to 38 GHz (Opt 54E)	-70 dBc (typ)	-70 dBc (typ)	32	
> 38 to 40 GHz (Opt 54E)	- 62 dBc (typ)	-70 dBc (typ)	32	

Non-harmonics

Measured in Frequency Mode A at +10 dBm or maximum specified power, whichever is lower. Performance is unspecified for non-harmonics beyond the specified frequency range.

Fundamental frequency	Offsets > 300 Hz excluding power-line related	Power-line related
0.01 to < 1.43 GHz	–70 dBc (typ)	-60 dBc (typ)
1.43 to < 2.85 GHz	-70 dBc (typ)	-60 dBc (typ)
2.85 to < 5.7 GHz	–70 dBc (typ)	-50 dBc (typ)
5.7 to < 11.4 GHz	–70 dBc (typ)	-50 dBc (typ)
11.4 GHz to 20 GHz	–70 dBc (typ)	-50 dBc (typ)
> 20 GHz (Opt 54E) ¹	-65 dBc (typ)	-45 dBc (typ)

Broadband noise

In CW mode at +10 dBm or maximum specified output power, whichever is lower, for offsets > 10 MHz.

Frequency	Broadband noise
10 MHz to 20 GHz	-131 dBc/Hz (typ)
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz (Opt 54E)	-125 dBc/Hz (typ)

^{1.} At precisely 22 GHz, several spurs coalesce and may add to -60 dBc. Moving 1 Hz away from 22 GHz avoids this issue.

Phase noise

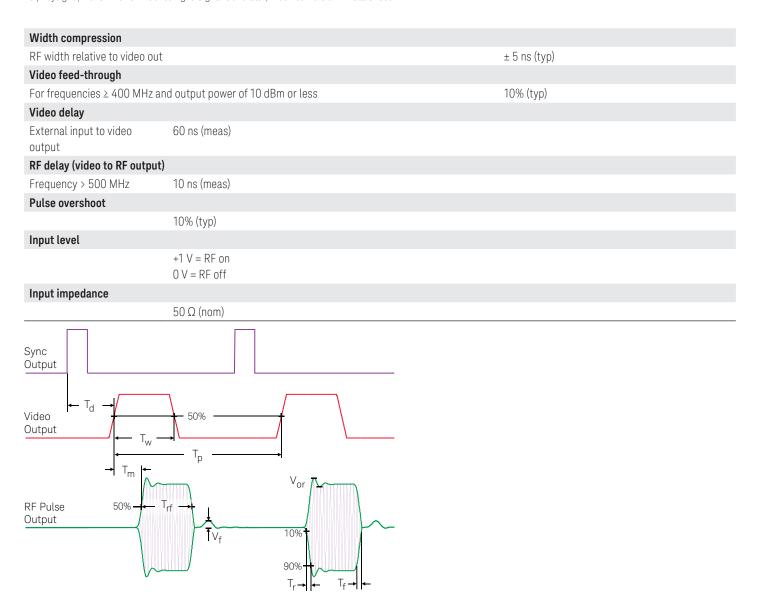
Phase noise is measured using a CW signal at +10 dBm or maximum specified power, whichever is less, with spur optimizations off. Phase noise specifications exclude external mechanical vibration.

Absolute SSB phase noise (dBc/Hz)		
Offset from carrier		
	20 kHz	
Frequency	spec (typ)	
0.01 to < 1.43 GHz	-132 (-135)	
1.43 to < 2.85 GHz	-125 (-129)	
2.85 to < 5.7 GHz	-119 (-122)	
5.7 to < 11.4 GHz	-114 (-117)	
11.4 to 20 GHz	-109 (-112)	
> 20 GHz (Opt 54E)	-103 (-106)	

Pulse modulation (Option PM2)

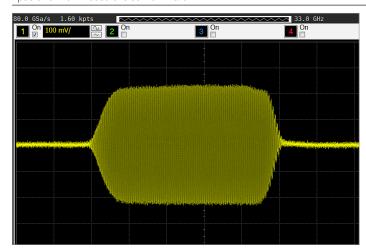
For frequencies from 400 MHz to 1.43 GHz, pulse modulation specifications apply in Mode B only. For frequencies below 400 MHz, pulse modulation is not specified.

patoe modatation is not specifica.		
Pulse types		
External input	The RF pulse width is the same as the input pulse width at the pulse/trigger gate input connector.	
Triggered	The internal pulse generator is triggered by a selectable trigger source. The pulse delay and width are settable.	
List mode	The pulse parameters are defined in a list.	
Streaming mode	The pulse parameters are defined in the streamed PDW data.	
Free run	The internal pulse generator generates pulses with the specified parameters without waiting for a trigger.	
On/off ratio		
0.4 to < 4.2 GHz	80 dB (90 dB typ)	
4.2 GHz to 20 GHz	90 dB	
> 20 GHz (Option 54E)	80 dB (90 dB typ)	
Rise/fall times		
0.4 to < 1.43 GHz	(6 ns typ)	
1.43 to < 2.85 GHz	10 ns (6 ns typ)	
≥ 2.85 GHz	10 ns (3 ns typ)	
Minimum pulse width		
ALC on	50 ns	
ALC off	10 ns (10 MHz to 31.6 GHz)	
	32 ns (> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz)	
Minimum pulse repetition interval		
ALC on	60 ns (10 MHz to 31.6 GHz)	
	64 ns (> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz)	
ALC off	20 ns (10 MHz to 31.6 GHz)	
-	64 ns (> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz)	
Time accuracy	(0 ()/10	
Pulse start time accuracy/resolution	40 ps (nom)/10 ps	
Pulse fine delay accuracy/ resolution	40 ps (nom)/10 ps	
Level accuracy (relative to CW)		
•	and for pulse width ≥ 10 ns with ALC off.	
0.4 to < 1.43 GHz	± 1 dB (typ)	
≥ 1.43 GHz	± 1 dB (typ)	



Measured pulse shape

Frequency = 9 GHz, power = 10 dBm, amplitude = 10 dBm, ALC off, pulse width = 10 ns, pulse period = 100 ns. The oscilloscope is protected by a 10 dB pad and the timescale is set to 2 ns/div.



frequency band diagrams. Amplitude accuracy may degrade for wide chirps.

Rate

Range

Resolution

Chirp and chirped-pulse modulation (Options UT1, WC2, and PM2)1

Option WC2 is required for chirp control through the Option CC1 I/O interface.

	FCP in normal mode		Streaming mode	Fast CW mode	List mode
Options installed	Opt CC1 (LVDS) or Opt CC3 (10 Gbit Ethernet)	Opt CC2 (BCD)			
FMCW Chirp					
UT1	FMCW: 32 chirp slope selections	FMCW: 16 chirp slope selections	FMCW not available	FMCW not available	FMCW not available
UT1 + WC2	FMCW up to 6.89 GHz 32 chirp slope selections above 6.89 GHz	FMCW: 16 chirp slope selections	FMCW available up to 6.89 GHz	FMCW not available	FMCW
Pulse Chirp					
UT1 + PM2	32 chirp slope selections within pulse	Chirped pulse not available	Chirped pulse not available	Chirped pulse not available	LFM within pulse
UT1 + WC2 + PM2	LFM within pulse up to 6.89 GHz 32 chirp slope selections within pulse above 6.89 GHz	Chirped pulse not available	Chirped pulse up to 6.89 GHz	Chirped pulse not available	LFM within pulse

Note: CW chirp (opt UT1 required) and Pulse Chirp (opt PM2 required) are available under the Pulse/Chirp hardkey in all modes except Fast CW mode.

Pulse types		
Compatible without jitter	Free-run, synchronously triggered	
With ± 8 ns jitter	Asynchronously triggered	26.5 GHz to 31.6 GHz (Option 54E)
Incompatible	External pulse	
Pulse and chirp alignment		
	Chirp start time is aligned to pulse sta	rt time within ± 50 ns (typ)
Deviation (peak to peak) with Option UT1		
Option 52E cannot chirp beyond 21.5 GHz. 0	option 54E cannot chirp beyond 40 GHz.	
Frequency	Maximum peak to peak deviation	
10 MHz to < 250 MHz	8 MHz	
250 MHz to < 8 GHz	256 MHz	
8 GHz to < 12 GHz	384 MHz	
12 GHz to < 18 GHz	512 MHz	
18 GHz to 20 GHz	768 MHz	
> 20 GHz to < 26.5 GHz (Option 54E)	768 MHz	
≥ 26.5 GHz to 31.6 GHz (Option 54E)	1024 MHz ²	
> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz (Option 54E)	550 MHz	
Deviation (peak to peak) with Options UT1	and WC2	
Option 52E cannot chirp beyond 21.5 GHz. 0	option 54E cannot chirp beyond 40 GHz.	
Frequency	Maximum peak to peak deviation	
50 MHz to 6.89 GHz	10% of center frequency	
> 6.89 GHz to 31.6 GHz (Option 54E)	2.2 GHz ²	
> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz (Option 54E)	550 MHz	
Wider deviations are available up to 6.89 GH	Iz when not near a band edge, for example, any	ry chirp which lies within one band is obtainable. See the

- 10 kHz/µs to 0.32768 kHz/ns depending on rate 1. If FCP (Fast Control Port) state is set to on and real-time streaming control is used, chirp and chirped-pulse modulation is only available for frequency range below 6.89 GHz.
- Additionally, if chirp delta frequency is > 550 MHz or < -550 Hz, then the chirp start and stop frequency (stop frequency = start frequency + chirp delta) must both be ≤ 32.35 GHz.

10 kHz/µs to 1.3 GHz/ns

Internal pulse generator (Option PM2)

Free-run, square, and triggered
0.1 Hz to 10 MHz with 0.1 Hz resolution (nom)
30 ns to 42 s, corresponding to repetition frequencies of 0.024 Hz to 33.33 MHz. (10 MHz to 31.6 GHz) 32 ns to 42 s, corresponding to repetition frequencies of 0.024 Hz to 31.25 MHz. (> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz)
4 ns (nom)
40 ps (typ)
10 ps
2 ns
2 ns

Frequency modulation (Option UT1)

rrequericy modulation (option	011)
Maximum rate	
Internal or external	10 MHz
Maximum peak deviation with Option UT1	
Option 52E cannot deviate beyond 21.5 GHz.	Option 54E cannot deviate beyond 40 GHz.
Frequency	Maximum peak deviation
10 MHz to < 250 MHz	4 MHz
250 MHz to < 8 GHz	128 MHz
8 GHz to < 12 GHz	192 MHz
12 GHz to < 18 GHz	256 MHz
18 GHz to 20 GHz	384 MHz
> 20 GHz to < 26.5 GHz (Option 54E)	384 MHz
≥ 26.5 GHz to 31.6 GHz (Option 54E)	512 MHz
> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz (Option 54E)	275 MHz
Maximum peak deviation with Options UT1	and WC2
Option 52E cannot deviate beyond 21.5 GHz.	Option 54E cannot deviate beyond 40 GHz.
Frequency	Maximum peak deviation
10 MHz to 6.89 GHz	5% of center frequency
> 6.89 GHz to 20 GHz	1.1 GHz
> 20 GHz to 31.25 GHz (Option 54E)	1.1 GHz
> 31.25 GHz to 31.6 GHz (Option 54E)	750 MHz
> 31.6 GHz to 40 GHz (Option 54E)	275 MHz
Wider deviations are evallable up to 6.00 CU-	when not near a hand adds, for example, any FM deviation which lies within any hand is obtainable. See the

Wider deviations are available up to 6.89 GHz when not near a band edge, for example, any FM deviation which lies within one band is obtainable. See the frequency band diagrams. Amplitude accuracy may degrade for wide FM.

Resolution

0.1% of deviation or 1 Hz, whichever is greater

Deviation accuracy	
Measured at a 1 kHz rate with 100 kHz deviation.	
Internal	± 1% of FM deviation (± 0.2% typ)
External In	± 3.5% of FM deviation + 20 Hz
70 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	`

Modulation frequency response (3 dB bandwidth)

Measured at 100 kHz deviation.

DC coupling DC to 10 MHz (nom) AC coupling 5 Hz to 10 MHz (nom)

External DC FM carrier offset

At the calibrated deviation and carrier frequency, within 5 °C of ambient temperature at time of user calibration.

± 0.1% of set deviation (meas)

Distortion

Measured at a 1 kHz rate with 100 kHz deviation.

0.4%

Sensitivity

± 1 V_{peak} for indicated deviation

Frequency Coding (FSK)

Number of levels 16 levels, at least 32 maps
Minimum bin width 4 ns
Maximum pattern length 65,536 bits/pattern

Phase modulation (Option UT1)

riado modatación (opción o m)	
Maximum rate	
Internal or external	10 MHz
Maximum peak deviation in radians	
5% of carrier frequency or 600 MHz modulation frequency	or 12π whichever is less
Resolution	
	0.1% of set deviation
Deviation accuracy	
Measured at a 1 kHz rate with 3π rad deviation.	
Internal	± 1 % of ΦM deviation (± 0.2% typ)
External In	± 3.5% of ΦM deviation
Modulation frequency response (3 dB bandwidtl	n)
Measured at 3π rad deviation.	
DC coupling	DC to 10 MHz (nom)
AC coupling	5 Hz to 10 MHz (nom)
Distortion	
Measured at a 1 kHz rate with 3π rad deviation.	
Total harmonic distortion	0.5% (0.1% typ)
Sensitivity	
	± 1 V _{peak} for indicated deviation
Phase Modulation Types	
Triggered BPSK	Phase can be changed 180° on a bin-by-bin basis every 8 ns via an external trigger
Barker Coding	
Supported Codes	2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 11, 13
Phase Coding (PSK)	
Number of levels	16 levels, at least 32 maps
Minimum bin width/resolution	4 ns/4 ns
Maximum pattern length	65,536 bits/pattern

Amplitude modulation (Option UT1)

AM performance is typical up to 20 GHz with ALC on when AM peaks do not exceed maximum specified power. AM performance is not specified with ALC off or above 20 GHz or when AM peaks exceed maximum specified power.

(14 dB) % of setting + 1%) ak
ak
ak
o 10 MHz (nom)
to 10 MHz (nom)
total harmonic distortion
otal harmonic distortion
t

External modulation inputs (Option UT1)

Connections	Ext1 and Ext2
Modulation types	AM, FM, and ΦM
Input impedance	50 Ω , 600 Ω , or 1 M Ω (nom) switched

Internal modulation source (Option UT1)

Dual function generators	Provide two independent signals (internal1 and internal2) for use with AM, FM, ΦM, or LF output.
Waveforms	Sine, square, positive ramp, negative ramp, triangle, pulse, uniform noise, Gaussian noise.
Rate range	
Sine	0.1 Hz to 10 MHz
Square, ramp, triangle	0.1 Hz to 1 MHz
Resolution	0.1 Hz
Accuracy	Same as timebase
LF output	
Output	Internal 1, internal 2, noise generator 1, noise generator 2.
	Also provides monitoring of function generators when used for AM, FM, or Φ M.
Amplitude	0 to 5 V_{peak} (nom) into 50 Ω or 10 V (nom) into 1 $M\Omega$
Output impedance	50 Ω (nom)

Simultaneous modulation

Simultaneous modulation

All modulation types (FM, AM, Φ M, chirp, and pulse modulation) may be simultaneously enabled except FM with Φ M .

AM, FM, and Φ M can sum simultaneous inputs from any two sources (Ext1, Ext2, internal1, or internal2).

Any given source (Ext1, Ext2, internal1, or internal2) may be routed to only one activated modulation type.

Remote programming

Interfaces	GPIB (IEEE-488.2,1987) with listen and talk, USB 2.0, and 1000BaseT LAN interface.
Control languages	SCPI version 1997.0. Code compatibility modes for Aeroflex 2500, 2200, FS2000 or FS5000.
IEEE-488 functions	SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E2
Keysight IO libraries	Keysight's IO Library Suite helps you quickly establish an error-free connection between your PC and instruments, regardless of the vendor. It provides robust instrument control and works with the software development environment you choose.

General specifications

Power requirements	100/120 VAC 50/60/400 Hz or 220/240 VAC 50/60 Hz (automatically selected)
	< 350 W typical, 400 W maximum
Operating temperature range	0 to 55 °C
Storage temperature range	-40 to 70 °C; during storage below -20 °C, instrument states may be lost.
Altitude	0 to 4600 m (15,000 ft)
Humidity	Relative humidity - type tested at 95%, +40 °C (non-condensing).
Environmental testing	Samples of this product have been tested in accordance with the Keysight Environmental Test Manual and verified to be robust against the environmental stresses of storage, transportation, and end-use. Those stresses include but are not limited to temperature, humidity, shock, vibration, altitude, and power line conditions. Test methods are aligned with IEC 60068-2 and levels are similar to MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3. Phase noise specifications are not warranted in a vibrating environment.
ISO compliant	This family of signal generators is manufactured in an ISO-9001 registered facility in concurrence with Keysight's commitment to quality.
EMC	Conforms to the immunity and emission requirements of IEC/EN 61326-1 including the conducted and radiated emission requirements of CISPR Pub 11/2009 Group 1, Class A.
Acoustic noise	Normal: 48 dBA (nom) Worst case: 68 dBA (nom)
Storage	Memory is shared by instrument states and sweep list files. The solid-state drive initially has at least 480 GB of free space.

Security	Display blanking Memory clearing functions (See Application Note, "Security Features of Keysight Technologies Signal Generators," Part Number E4400-90621). Removable Solid State Drive (SSD) with all user data.
Self-test	Internal diagnostic routine tests most modules in a preset condition. If node voltages are within acceptable limits, then the module passes the test.
Weight	< 25 kg (54 lb.) net < 34 kg (73 lb.) shipping
Dimensions	134 mm H x 426 mm W x 559 mm D (5.25" H x 16.8" W x 22.0" D)
Recommended calibration cycle	12 months

Input/Output Descriptions

Front panel connectors

Unless otherwise noted, all connectors are BNC female, digital inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS, and digital inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels. Option 1EM moves all connectors to the rear panel except the USB connectors.

Output impedance 50 Ω (nom).
Standard: Precision APC-3.5 male; plus 3.5 - 3.5 mm female adapter Option 1ED: Type-N female; plus Type-N male - 3.5mm female adapter
Precision 2.4 mm male; plus 2.4 - 2.4 mm and 2.4 - 2.9 mm female adapters.
Allows control of USB devices. USB Type-A female connector. Nominal output current 0.5 A.
Outputs the internally generated LF source. Nominal output impedance 50 Ω .
Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M . Nominal input impedance is 50 Ω , 600 Ω , or 1 M Ω , selectable. Damage levels are 5 V_{rms} and 10 V_{peak} .
Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M . Nominal input impedance is 50 Ω , 600 Ω , or 1 M Ω , selectable. Damage levels are 5 V_{rms} and 10 V_{peak} .
Accepts input signal for external pulse modulation. Also accepts external trigger pulse input for internal pulse modulation. Nominal impedance 50 Ω . Damage levels are 5 V_{rms} and 10 V_{peak} .
Outputs a signal that follows the RF output for internal pulse modes. TTL-level compatible. Nominal source impedance 50 Ω .
Outputs a synchronizing pulse, nominally 50 ns width, for internal pulse modes. TTL-level compatible, nominal source impedance 50 Ω .

Rear panel connectors

Unless otherwise noted, all connectors are BNC female, digital inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS, and digital inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels. Option 1EM moves the front panel connectors to the rear panel except the USB connectors.

GPIB	Operates as a GPIB controller or device. IEEE-488 bus connector.
LAN (1000 BaseT)	Allows LAN TCP/IP communication. RJ45 Ethertwist connector. The LAN connector provides the same SCPI remote programming functionality as the GPIB connector. The LAN connector is a used to access the internal web server and FTP server. The LAN supports DHCP, HiSLIP, sockets SCPI, VXI-11 SCPI, connection monitoring, dynamic hostname services, and TCP keep alive. This interface is LXI class C compliant.
USB 2.0 master (2 ports)	Allows control of USB devices. USB Type-A female connector. Nominal output current 0.5 A.
USB 2.0 slave (1 port)	Receives control from USB host. USB Type-B female connector. Nominal output current 0.5 A.
PCIe x8	Provides 8 lanes of PCIe I/O. Reserved for future use.
10 MHz input	Accepts a 10 MHz external reference (timebase) input. Nominal input impedance 50 Ω . Nominal input range 0 to 12 dBm.
10/100 MHz output	Provides a reference signal of 10 MHz or 100 MHz, selectable. Nominal output impedance 50 Ω . Nominal output power 7 dBm. Suitable for use with the 10 MHz input or System Sync input of another compatible signal generator.
10 MHz EFC	Accepts an external DC voltage, ranging from -10 V to +10 V, for electronic frequency control (EFC) of the internal 10 MHz reference oscillator. This voltage inversely tunes the oscillator about its center frequency. See the EFC sensitivity in the frequency section. The nominal input impedance is greater than 1 $M\Omega$.

System sync input	Accepts an external reference input. The acceptable frequencies are listed in the synchronization section. Nominal input impedance 50 Ω , with a DC block. Nominal input range 0 to 12 dBm.
RF sync output	Provides an external reference output of 10, 100, or 250 MHz, or Sync Output, selectable. Nominal output impedance 50Ω . Nominal output power 12 dBm. Suitable for use with the System sync input. This output is a square wave with a fast rise time. To avoid electromagnetic interference, use coaxial cable with at least 90 dB shielding effectiveness. Example: Times Microwave Systems LMR 240 coaxial cable used in Amphenol PN 115101-22-48.00 BNC cable assembly.
6 GHz input	SMA female connector. Accepts a synchronization input of 6 GHz. Nominal input impedance 50 Ω . Nominal input range 5 to 17 dBm. Damage levels are above +23 dBm.
6 GHz output	SMA female connector. Provides a synchronization output of 6 GHz. Nominal output impedance 50 Ω . Nominal output power 17 dBm. Suitable for use with the 6 GHz input.

Fast Control Port (FCP) interface modules

On the trigger and marker connectors, digital inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS, and digital inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels.

Option CC1 I/O interface	
Data port	100 pin LVDS
Triggers and markers	2 SMA and 12 SMB
Data format	Binary
Controllable parameters	Frequency, amplitude, phase, phase coding, band, pulse, chirp, FM deviation, ΦM deviation, depending on installed options.
Option CC2 I/O interface	
Data connector	50 pin
Triggers and markers	2 SMA
Data format	Binary coded decimal (BCD)
Controllable parameters	Frequency, FM deviation, or 16 Chirp rates
Option CC3 I/O interface	
Data ports	Accepts up to 2 SFP+ transceivers
Triggers and markers	2 SMA and 1 SMB
Data format	Keysight data streaming protocol
Controllable parameters	Frequency, amplitude, phase, phase coding, band, pulse, chirp, FM deviation, ΦM deviation, depending on installed options.

Performance Archive

From time to time, Keysight Technologies may make changes to instrument performance. Details on the specifications and performance differences of earlier versions summarized below can be found in the N5193A data sheet archive found in the UXG online documentation at http://www.keysight.com/main/editorial.jspx?cc=US&lc=eng&ckey=2550695&nid=-32491.1150339.00&id=2550695.

Option AT2 replaced the previous attenuator option AT1 on instruments with $s/n \ge 5646XXXX$. Option AT2 offers improved performance in the 25.6 to 40 GHz range. Option AT1 performance specifications can be found on pages 7-10 in the N5191A data sheet dated July 14, 2016.

Related Literature

N5191A UXG Brochure, 5992-1096EN N5191A UXG Configuration Guide, 5992-1116EN

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